

**Vaddtagref/vfadtr**

```
int32 Vaddtagref(int32 vgroup_id, int32 tag, int32 ref)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>tag</i>	IN:	Tag of the object
<i>ref</i>	IN:	Reference number of the object

**Purpose** Inserts an object into a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the number of objects in the vgroup if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vaddtagref** inserts the object identified by the parameters *tag* and *ref* into the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

If an object to be inserted is a data set, duplication of the tag/reference number pair will be allowed. Otherwise, the tag/reference number pair must be unique among the elements within the vgroup or the routine will return **FAIL** (or -1).

FORTRAN	<pre>integer function vfadtr(vgroup_id, tag, ref)</pre>
---------	---

	<pre>integer vgroup_id, tag, ref</pre>
--	--

## Vattach/vfatch

int32 Vattach(int32 *file\_id*, int32 *vgroup\_ref*, char \**access*)

<i>file_id</i>	IN:	File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vgroup_ref</i>	IN:	Reference number for the vgroup
<i>access</i>	IN:	Type of access

**Purpose** Initiates access to a new or existing vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the vgroup identifier (*vgroup\_id*) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vattach** opens a vgroup with access type specified by the parameter *access* in the file identified by the parameter *file\_id*. The vgroup is identified by the reference number, *vgroup\_ref*.

**Vattach** returns the vgroup identifier, *vgroup\_id*, for the accessed vgroup. The *vgroup\_id* is used for all subsequent operations on this vgroup. Once operations are complete, the vgroup identifier must be disposed of via a call to **Vdetach**. Multiple attaches may be made to the same vgroup simultaneously, and several vgroup identifiers can be created for the same vgroup. Each vgroup identifier must be disposed of independently.

The parameter *file\_id* is the file identifier of an opened file. The parameter *vgroup\_ref* specifies which vgroup in the file to attach to. If *vgroup\_ref* is set to -1, a new vgroup will be created. If *vgroup\_ref* is set to a positive number, the vgroup with that as a reference number is attached.

Possible values for the parameter *access* are “r” for read access and “w” for write access.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfatch(file_id, vgroup_ref, access)
```

```
    integer file_id, vgroup_ref
```

```
    character*1 access
```

**Vattrinfo/vfainfo**

```
intn Vattrinfo(int32 vgroup_id, intn attr_index, char *attr_name, int32 *data_type, int32 *count, int32
               *size)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_index</i>	IN:	Index of the attribute
<i>attr_name</i>	OUT:	Name of the attribute
<i>data_type</i>	OUT:	Data type of the attribute
<i>count</i>	OUT:	Number of values in the attribute
<i>size</i>	OUT:	Size, in bytes, of the attribute values.

**Purpose** Retrieves the name, data type, number of values, and value size of an attribute for a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns `SUCCEED` (or 0) if successful and `FAIL` (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vattrinfo** retrieves the name, datatype, number of values, and value size of an attribute identified by its index, *attr\_index*, in the vgroup, *vgroup\_id*. Name, data type, number of values and size are retrieved into the parameters *attr\_name*, *data\_type*, *count*, and *size*, respectively.

If the attribute's name, data type, number of values, or value size are not needed, the corresponding output parameters can be set to `NULL`.

The valid value *attr\_index* range from 0 to the total number of attributes attached to a vgroup - 1. The number of vgroup attributes can be obtained using **Vnattrs**.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfainfo(vgroup_id, attr_index, attr_name,
                         data_type, count, size)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, attr_index, data_type, count, size
character*(*) attr_name
```

## Vdelete/vdelete

int32 Vdelete(int32 *file\_id*, int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*file\_id*            IN:        File identifier returned by **Hopen**  
*vgroup\_id*        IN:        Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose**        Remove a vgroup from a file.

**Return value**    Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) if not successful.

**Description**      **Vdelete** removes the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* from the file identified by the parameter *file\_id*.

This routine will remove the vgroup from the internal data structures and from the file.

FORTRAN            integer function vdelete(*file\_id*, *vgroup\_id*)

```
integer file_id, vgroup_id
```

**Vdeletetagref/vfdtr**

```
int32 Vdeletetagref(int32 vgroup_id, int32 tag, int32 ref)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>tag</i>	IN:	Tag of the object
<i>ref</i>	IN:	Reference number of the object

**Purpose** Deletes an object from a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) if not successful or the given tag/reference number pair is not found in the vgroup.

**Description** **Vdeletetagref** deletes the object specified by the parameters *tag* and *ref* from the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*. **Vinqtagref** should be used to check if the tag/reference number pair exists before calling this routine.

If duplicate tag/reference number pairs are found in the vgroup, **Vdeletetagref** deletes the first occurrence. **Vinqtagref** should be used to determine if duplicate tag/reference number pairs exist in the vgroup.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfdtr(vgroup_id, tag, ref)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, tag, ref
```

## Vdetach/vfdtch

int32 Vdetach(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose** Terminates access to a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns SUCCEED (or 0) if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vdetach** detaches the currently-attached vgroup identified by *vgroup\_id* and terminates access to that vgroup.

All space associated with the vgroup, *vgroup\_id*, will be freed. Each attached vgroup must be detached by calling this routine before the file is closed. **Vdetach** also updates the vgroup information in the HDF file if any changes occur. The identifier *vgroup\_id* should not be used after the vgroup is detached.

FORTRAN            integer function vfdtch(*vgroup\_id*)

```
integer vgroup_id
```

**Vend/vfend**intn Vend(int32 *file\_id*)    *file\_id*           IN:       File identifier returned by **Hopen****Purpose**           Terminates access to a vgroup and/or vdata interface.**Return value**       Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.**Description**           **Vend** terminates access to the vgroup and/or vdata interfaces initiated by **Vstart** and all internal data structures allocated by **Vstart**.

**Vend** must be called after all vdata and vgroup operations on the file *file\_id* are completed. Further attempts to use vdata or vgroup routines after calling **Vend** will result in a **FAIL** (or -1) being returned.

FORTRAN           integer function vfend(*file\_id*)                  integer *file\_id*

## Vfind/vfind

int32 Vfind(int32 *file\_id*, char \**vgroup\_name*)

<i>file_id</i>	IN:	File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vgroup_name</i>	IN:	Name of the vgroup

**Purpose** Returns the reference number of a vgroup given its name.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vgroup if successful and 0 otherwise.

**Description** **Vfind** searches the file identified by the parameter *file\_id* for a vgroup with the name specified by the parameter *vgroup\_name*, and returns the corresponding reference number.

If more than one vgroup has the same name, **Vfind** will return the reference number of the first one.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfind(file_id, vgroup_name)

integer file_id
character*(*) vgroup_name
```

**Vfindattr/vffdatt**

```
intn Vfindattr(int32 vgroup_id, char *attr_name)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_name</i>	IN:	Name of the attribute

**Purpose** Returns the index of a vgroup attribute given its name.

**Return value** Returns the index of an attribute if successful and `FAIL` (or `-1`) otherwise.

**Description** **Vfindattr** searches the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* for the attribute with the name specified by the parameter *attr\_name*, and returns the index of that attribute.

If more than one attribute has the same name, **Vfindattr** will return the index of the first one.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vffdatt(vgroup_id, attr_name)
```

```
integer vgroup_id  
character(*) attr_name
```

## Vfindclass/vfndcls

int32 Vfindclass(int32 *file\_id*, char \**vgroup\_class*)

<i>file_id</i>	IN:	File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vgroup_class</i>	IN:	Class name of the vgroup

**Purpose** Returns the reference number of a vgroup specified by its class name.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vgroup if successful and 0 otherwise.

**Description** **Vfindclass** searches the file identified by the parameter *file\_id* for the vgroup with the class name specified by the parameter *vgroup\_class*, and returns the reference number of that vgroup.

If more than one vgroup has the same class name, **Vfindclass** will return the reference number of the first one.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfndcls(file_id, vgroup_class)
```

```
    integer file_id  
    character(*) vgroup_class
```

**Vflocate/vffloc**

```
int32 Vflocate(int32 vgroup_id, char *field_name)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>field_name_list</i>	IN:	List of field names

**Purpose** Locates a vdata in a vgroup given a list of field names.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vdata if successful and `FAIL` (or `-1`) otherwise.

**Description** **Vflocate** searches the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* for a vdata that contains all of the fields listed in the parameter *field\_name\_list*. If that vdata is found, **Vflocate** will return its reference number.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vffloc(vgroup_id, field_name)
```

```
integer vgroup_id  
character(*) field_name
```

## Vgetattr/vfgnatt/vfgcatt

intn Vgetattr(int32 *vgroup\_id*, intn *attr\_index*, VOIDP *attr\_values*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_index</i>	IN:	Index of the attribute
<i>attr_values</i>	OUT:	Buffer for the attribute values

**Purpose** Retrieves the values of a vgroup attribute.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vgetattr** retrieves the values of the attribute identified by its index, *attr\_index*, into the buffer *attr\_values* for the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

The valid values of the parameter *attr\_index* range from 0 to the total number of vgroup attributes - 1. The total number of attributes can be obtained using **Vnattrs**. To determine the amount of memory sufficient to hold the attribute values, the user can obtain the number of attribute values and the attribute value size using **Vattrinfo**.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfgnatt(vgroup_id, attr_index, attr_values)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, attr_index  
<valid numeric data type> attr_values
```

```
integer function vfgcatt(vgroup_id, attr_index, attr_values)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, attr_index  
character*(*) attr_values
```

**Vgetclass/vfgcls**

```
int32 Vgetclass(int32 vgroup_id, char *vgroup_class)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>vgroup_class</i>	OUT:	Class name of the vgroup

**Purpose** Retrieves the class name of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vgetclass** retrieves the class name of the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* in the buffer *vgroup\_class*.

The maximum length of the name is defined by **VGNAMELENMAX** (or 64).

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfgcls(vgroup_id, vgroup_class)
```

```
integer vgroup_id  
character*(*) vgroup_class
```

## Vgetid/vfgid

int32 Vgetid(int32 *file\_id*, int32 *vgroup\_ref*)

<i>file_id</i>	IN:	File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>vgroup_ref</i>	IN:	Reference number of the current vgroup
<b>Purpose</b>		Returns the reference number of the next vgroup.
<b>Return value</b>		Returns the reference number of the next vgroup if successful and <b>FAIL</b> (or -1) otherwise.
<b>Description</b>		<b>Vgetid</b> sequentially searches the file identified by the parameter <i>file_id</i> and returns the reference number of the vgroup following the vgroup that has the reference number specified by the parameter <i>vgroup_ref</i> .  The search is initiated by calling this routine with a <i>vgroup_ref</i> value of -1. This will return the reference number of the first vgroup in the file. Searching past the last vgroup in the file will cause <b>Vgetid</b> to return <b>FAIL</b> (or -1).

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfgid(file_id, vgroup_ref)

integer file_id, vgroup_ref
```

**Vgetname/vfgnam**

```
int32 Vgetname(int32 vgroup_id, char *vgroup_name)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>vgroup_name</i>	OUT:	Name of the vgroup

**Purpose** Retrieves the name of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vgetname** retrieves the name of the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* into the buffer *vgroup\_name*. The maximum length of the name is defined by **VGNAMELENMAX** (or 64).

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfgnam(vgroup_id, vgroup_name)
```

```
integer vgroup_id  
character(*) vgroup_name
```

## Vgetnext/vfgnxt

int32 Vgetnext(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *v\_ref*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>v_ref</i>	IN:	Reference number of the vgroup or vdata

**Purpose** Gets the reference number of the next member (vgroup or vdata only) of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the vgroup or vdata if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vgetnext** searches in the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* for the object following the object specified by its reference number *v\_ref*. Either of the two objects can be a vgroup or a vdata. If *v\_ref* is set to -1, the routine will return the reference number of the first vgroup or vdata in the vgroup.

Note that this routine only gets a vgroup or a vdata in a vgroup. **Vgettrefs** gets any object in a vgroup.

FORTRAN      `integer function vfgnxt(vgroup_id, v_ref)`

```
integer vgroup_id, v_ref
```

**Vgettagref/vfgttr**

```
intn Vgettagref(int32 vgroup_id, int32 index, int32 *tag, int32 *ref)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>index</i>	IN:	Index of the object in the vgroup
<i>tag</i>	OUT:	Tag of the object
<i>ref</i>	OUT:	Reference number of the object

**Purpose** Retrieves the tag/reference number pair of an object given its index within a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vgettagref** retrieves the tag/reference number pair of the object specified by its index, *index*, within the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*. Note that this routine is different from **Vgettagrefs**, which retrieves the tag/reference number pairs of a number of objects.

The valid values of *index* range from 0 to the total number of objects in the vgroup - 1. The total number of objects in the vgroup can be obtained using **Vinquire**.

The tag is stored in the buffer *tag* and the reference number is stored in the buffer *ref*.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfgttr(vgroup_id, index, tag, ref)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, index  
integer tag, ref
```

## Vgettagrefs/vfgttrs

int32 Vgettagrefs(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *tag\_array*[], int32 *ref\_array*[], int32 *num\_of\_pairs*)

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>tag_array</i>	OUT:	Array of tags
<i>ref_array</i>	OUT:	Array of reference numbers
<i>num_of_pairs</i>	IN:	Number of tag/reference number pairs

**Purpose** Retrieves the tag/reference number pairs of the HDF objects belonging to a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the number of tag/reference number pairs obtained from a vgroup if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vgettagrefs** retrieves at most *num\_of\_pairs* number of tag/reference number pairs belonging to the vgroup, *vgroup\_id*, and stores them in the buffers *tag\_array* and *ref\_array*.

The input parameter *num\_of\_pairs* specifies the maximum number of tag/reference number pairs to be returned. The size of the arrays, *tag\_array* and *ref\_array*, must be at least *num\_of\_pairs*.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfgttrs(vgroup_id, tag_array, ref_array,  
                           num_of_pairs)  
  
integer vgroup_id, num_of_pairs  
integer tag_array(*), ref_array(*)
```

**Vgetversion/vfgver**

int32 Vgetversion(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:      Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose**      Gets the version of a vgroup.

**Return value**      Returns the vgroup version number if successful, and `FAIL` (or `-1`) otherwise.

**Description**      **Vgetversion** returns the version number of the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*. There are three valid version numbers: `VSET_OLD_VERSION` (or `2`), `VSET_VERSION` (or `3`), and `VSET_NEW_VERSION` (or `4`).

`VSET_OLD_VERSION` is returned when the vgroup is of a version that corresponds to an HDF library version before version 3.2.

`VSET_VERSION` is returned when the vgroup is of a version that corresponds to an HDF library version between versions 3.2 and 4.0 release 2.

`VSET_NEW_VERSION` is returned when the vgroup is of the version that corresponds to an HDF library version of version 4.1 release 1 or higher.

**FORTRAN**      integer function vfgver(*vgroup\_id*)

```
integer vgroup_id
```

## Vinqtagref/vfinqtr

intn Vinqtagref(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *tag*, int32 *ref*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*tag* IN: Tag of the object

*ref* IN: Reference number of the object

**Purpose** Checks whether an object belongs to a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns `TRUE` (or 1) if the object belongs to the vgroup, and `FALSE` (or 0) otherwise.

**Description** **Vinqtagref** checks if the object identified by its tag, *tag*, and its reference number, *ref*, belongs to the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

FORTRAN                    integer function vfinqtr(*vgroup\_id*, *tag*, *ref*)

```
integer vgroup_id, tag, ref
```

**Vinquire/vfinq**

```
intn Vinquire(int32 vgroup_id, int32 *n_entries, char *vgroup_name)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>n_entries</i>	OUT:	Number of entries in a vgroup
<i>vgroup_name</i>	OUT:	Name of a vgroup

**Purpose** Retrieves the number of entries in a vgroup and its name.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vinquire** retrieves the name of and the number of entries in the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id* into the buffer *vgroup\_name* and the parameter *n\_entries*, respectively.

The maximum length of the vgroup name is defined by **VGNAMELENMAX** (or 64).

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfinq(vgroup_id, n_entries, vgroup_name)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, n_entries
character(*) vgroup_name
```

## Vinsert/vfinsrt

int32 Vinsert(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *v\_id*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:      Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*v\_id*            IN:      Identifier of the vdata or vgroup

**Purpose**        Inserts a vdata or vgroup into a vgroup.

**Return value**     Returns the position (*index*) of the inserted element within the vgroup if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description**       **Vinsert** inserts the vdata or vgroup identified by the parameter *v\_id* into the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

Essentially, **Vinsert** only inserts a vgroup or vdata. To insert any objects into a vgroup, use **Vaddtagref**.

The returned value, *index*, is either 0 or a positive value, which indicates the position of the inserted element in the vgroup.

FORTRAN            integer function vfinsrt(*vgroup\_id*, *v\_id*)

```
integer vfinsrt(vgroup_id, v_id)
```

**Visvg/vfisvg**

intn Visvg(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *obj\_ref*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:      Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*obj\_ref*      IN:      Reference number of the object

**Purpose**      Determines whether an element of a vgroup is a vgroup and a member of another vgroup.

**Return value**      Returns **TRUE** (or 1) if the object is a vgroup and **FALSE** (or 0) otherwise.

**Description**      **Visvg** determines if the object specified by the reference number, *obj\_ref*, is a vgroup within the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

**FORTRAN**      integer function vfisvg(*vgroup\_id*, *obj\_ref*)

```
integer vgroup_id, obj_ref
```

## Visvs/vfisvs

intn Visvs(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *obj\_ref*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*obj\_ref* IN: Reference number of the object

**Purpose** Determines whether a data object is a vdata within a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **TRUE** (or 1) if the object is a vdata and **FALSE** (or 0) otherwise.

**Description** **Visvs** determines if the object specified by the reference number, *obj\_ref*, is a vdata within the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vfisvs(vgroup_id, obj_ref)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, obj_ref
```

**Vlone/vfalone**

```
int32 Vlone(int32 file_id, int32 ref_array[], int32 max_refs)
```

<i>file_id</i>	IN:	File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>ref_array</i>	OUT:	Array of reference numbers
<i>max_refs</i>	IN:	Maximum number of lone vgroups to be retrieved

**Purpose** Retrieves the reference numbers of lone vgroups, i.e., vgroups that are at the top of the grouping hierarchy, in a file.

**Return value** Returns the total number of lone vgroups if successful and `FAIL` (or `-1`) otherwise.

**Description** **Vlone** retrieves the reference numbers of lone vgroups in the file identified by the parameter *file\_id*. Although **Vlone** returns the total number of lone vgroups in the file, only at most *max\_refs* reference numbers are retrieved and stored in the buffer *ref\_array*. The array must have at least *max\_refs* elements.

An array size of 65,000 integers for *ref\_array* is more than adequate if the user chooses to declare the array statically. However, the preferred method is to dynamically allocate memory instead; first call **Vlone** with a value of 0 for *max\_refs*, and then use the returned value to allocate memory for *ref\_array* before calling **Vlone** again.

FORTRAN	<pre>integer function vfalone(file_id, ref_array, max_refs)</pre> <pre>integer file_id, ref_array(*), max_refs</pre>
---------	---

## Vnattrs/vfnatts

intn Vnattrs(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose** Returns the number of attributes assigned to a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the total number of attributes assigned to the specified vgroups if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vnattrs** gets the number of attributes assigned to the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

FORTRAN      integer function vfnatts(*vgroup\_id*)

```
integer vgroup_id
```

**Vnrefs/vnrefs**

int32 Vnrefs(int32 *vgroup\_id*, int32 *tag\_type*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:      Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*tag\_type*      IN:      Type of the tag

**Purpose**      Returns the number of tags of a given tag type in a vgroup.

**Return value**      Returns 0 or the total number of tags if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description**      **Vnrefs** returns 0 or the number of tags having the type specified by the parameter *tag\_type* in the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

See Appendix A, *NCSA HDF Tags*, in the *HDF User's Guide*, for a discussion of tag types.

**FORTRAN**      `integer function vnrefs(vgroup_id, tag_type)`

`integer vgroup_id, tag_type`

## Vntagrefs/vfntr

int32 Vntagrefs(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id*      IN:      Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose**      Returns the number of objects in a vgroup.

**Return value**      Returns 0 or a positive number representing the number of HDF objects linked to the vgroup if successful or FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description**      **Vntagrefs** returns the number of objects in a vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

**Vntagrefs** is used together with **Vgettagrefs**, or with **Vgettagref** to look at the data objects linked to a given vgroup.

FORTRAN      integer function vfntr(*vgroup\_id*)

```
integer vgroup_id
```

**Vsetattr/vfsnatt/vfscatt**

```
intn Vsetattr(int32 vgroup_id, char *attr_name, int32 data_type, int32 count, VOIDP values)
```

<i>vgroup_id</i>	IN:	Vgroup identifier returned by <b>Vattach</b>
<i>attr_name</i>	IN:	Name of the attribute
<i>data_type</i>	IN:	Data type of the attribute
<i>count</i>	IN:	Number of values the attribute contains
<i>values</i>	IN:	Buffer containing the attribute values

**Purpose** Attaches an attribute to a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vsetattr** attaches an attribute to the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*. The attribute name is specified by the parameter *attr\_name* and the attribute data type is specified by the parameter *data\_type*. The values of the attribute are specified by the parameter *values*, and the number of values in the attribute is specified by the parameter *count*. Refer to Table 1A in Section I of this manual for a listing of all valid data types.

If the attribute already exists, the new values will replace the current ones, provided the data type and the number of attribute values have not been changed. If either the data type or the order have been changed, **Vsetattr** will return **FAIL** (or -1).

**FORTRAN**

```
integer vfsnatt(vgroup_id, attr_name, data_type, count, values)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, data_type, count
<valid numeric data type> values(*)
character*(*) attr_name
```

```
integer vfscatt(vgroup_id, attr_name, data_type, count, values)
```

```
integer vgroup_id, data_type, count
character*(*) attr_name, values(*)
```

## Vsetclass/vfscls

int32 Vsetclass(int32 *vgroup\_id*, char \**vgroup\_class*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**  
*vgroup\_class* IN: Class name of a vgroup

**Purpose** Sets the class name of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vsetclass** sets the class name specified by the parameter *vgroup\_class* to the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

A vgroup initially has a class name of **NULL**. The class name may be set more than once. Class names, like vgroup names, can be of any character strings. They exist solely as meaningful labels for user applications.

The class name is limited to **VSNAMELENMAX** (or 64) characters.

**FORTRAN**      integer function vfscls(*vgroup\_id*, *vgroup\_class*)

```
integer vgroup_id  
character(*) vgroup_class
```

**Vsetname/vfsnam**

```
int32 Vsetname(int32 vgroup_id, char *vgroup_name)
```

*vgroup\_id*      IN:      Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

*vgroup\_name*    IN:      Name of a vgroup

**Purpose**      Sets the name of a vgroup.

**Return value**    Returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description**     **Vsetname** sets the name specified by the parameter *vgroup\_name* for the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

A vgroup initially has a name of **NULL**, and may be renamed more than once during the scope of the vgroup identifier (*vgroup\_id*). Note that the routine does not check for uniqueness of vgroup names.

Vgroup names are optional, but recommended. They serve as meaningful labels for user applications. If used, they should be unique. The name length is limited to **VNAMELENMAX** (or 64) characters.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfsnam(vgroup_id, vgroup_name)
```

```
integer vgroup_id
```

```
character(*) vgroup_name
```

## Vstart/vfstart

intn Vstart(int32 *file\_id*)

*file\_id* IN: File identifier returned by **Hopen**

**Purpose** Initializes the vdata and/or vgroup interface.

**Return value** Returns SUCCEED (or 0) if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **Vstart** initializes the vdata and/or vgroup interfaces for the file identified by the parameter *file\_id*.

**Vstart** must be called before any vdata or vgroup operation is attempted on an HDF file. **Vstart** must be called once for each file involved in the operation.

FORTRAN      integer function vfstart(*file\_id*)

```
integer file_id
```

**VHmakegroup/vhfmkgp**

```
int32 VHmakegroup(int32 file_id, int32 tag_array[], int32 ref_array[], int32 n_objects, char
                  *vgroup_name, char *vgroup_class)
```

<i>file_id</i>	IN:	File identifier returned by <b>Hopen</b>
<i>tag_array</i>	IN:	Array of tags
<i>ref_array</i>	IN:	Array of reference numbers
<i>n_objects</i>	IN:	Number of data objects to be stored
<i>vgroup_name</i>	IN:	Name of the vgroup
<i>vgroup_class</i>	IN:	Class of the vgroup

**Purpose** Creates a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the reference number of the newly-created vgroup if successful, **FAIL** (or **-1**) otherwise.

**Description** **VHmakegroup** creates a vgroup with the name specified by the parameter *vgroup\_name* and the class name specified by the parameter *vgroup\_class* in the file identified by the parameter *file\_id*. The routine inserts *n\_objects* objects into the vgroup. The tag and reference numbers of the objects to be inserted are specified in the arrays *tag\_array* and *ref\_array*.

Creating empty vgroups with **VHmakegroup** is allowed. **VHmakegroup** does not check if the tag/reference number pair is valid, or if the corresponding data object exists. However, all of the tag/reference number pairs must be unique.

**Vstart** must precede any calls to **VHmakegroup**. It is not necessary, however, to call **Vattach** or **Vdetach** in conjunction with **VHmakegroup**.

The elements in the arrays *tag\_array* and *ref\_array* are the matching tag/reference number pairs of the objects to be inserted, that means *tag\_array[0]* and *ref\_array[0]* refer to one data object, and *tag\_array[1]* and *ref\_array[1]* to another, etc.

FORTRAN	<pre>integer function vhfmkgp(file_id, tag_array, ref_array, n_objects,                          vgroup_name, vgroup_class)                           integer file_id, n_objects                          character(*) vgroup_name, vgroup_class                          integer tag_array(*), ref_array(*)</pre>
---------	--

## VQueryref/vqref

int32 VQueryref(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose** Returns the reference number of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the reference number if successful, and **FAIL** (or **-1**) otherwise.

**Description** **VQueryref** returns the reference number of the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

FORTRAN      `integer function vqref(vgroup_id)`

```
integer vgroup_id
```

**VQuerytag/vqtag**

int32 VQuerytag(int32 *vgroup\_id*)

*vgroup\_id* IN: Vgroup identifier returned by **Vattach**

**Purpose** Returns the tag of a vgroup.

**Return value** Returns the tag if successful, and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **VQuerytag** returns the tag of the vgroup identified by the parameter *vgroup\_id*.

**FORTRAN** integer function vqtag(vgroup\_id)

```
integer vgroup_id
```



**VFfieldesize/vffesiz**

```
int32 VFfieldesize(int32 vdata_id, int32 field_index)
```

<i>vdata_id</i>	IN:	Vdata identifier returned by <b>VSattach</b>
<i>field_index</i>	IN:	Vdata field index

**Purpose** Returns the size, as stored on disk, of a vdata field.

**Return value** Returns the vdata field size if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **VFfieldesize** returns the size, as stored on disk, of a vdata field identified by the parameter *field\_index* in the vdata identified by the parameter *vdata\_id*.

The value of the parameter *field\_index* ranges from 0 to the total number of fields in the vdata - 1. The number of vdata fields is returned by **VFnfields** function.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vffesiz(vdata_id, field_index)
```

```
integer vdata_id, field_index
```

## VFFieldsize/vffisiz

int32 VFFieldsize(int32 *vdata\_id*, int32 *field\_index*)

<i>vdata_id</i>	IN:	Vdata identifier returned by <b>VSattach</b>
<i>field_index</i>	IN:	Vdata field index

**Purpose** Returns the size, as stored in memory, of a vdata field.

**Return value** Returns the vdata field size if successful and FAIL (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **VFFieldsize** returns the size, as stored in memory, of a vdata field identified by the parameter *field\_index* in the vdata identified by the parameter *vdata\_id*.

The value of the parameter *field\_index* ranges from 0 to the total number of fields in the vdata - 1. The number of vdata fields is returned by **VFnfields** function.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vffisiz(vdata_id, field_index)  
  
integer vdata_id, field_index
```

**VFfieldname/vffname**

```
char *VFfieldname(int32 vdata_id, int32 field_index)
```

<i>vdata_id</i>	IN:	Vdata identifier returned by <b>VSattach</b>
<i>field_index</i>	IN:	Vdata field index

**Purpose** Returns the name of a vdata field.

**Return value** Returns a pointer to the vdata field name if successful and **NULL** otherwise. The FORTRAN-77 version of this routine, **vffname**, returns **SUCCEED** (or 0) or **FAIL** (or -1).

**Description** **VFfieldname** returns the name of the vdata field identified by the parameter *field\_index* in the vdata identified by the parameter *vdata\_id*.

The value of the parameter *field\_index* ranges from 0 to the total number of fields in the vdata - 1. The number of vdata fields is returned by **VFnfields** function.

The FORTRAN-77 version of this routine, **vffname**, returns the field name in the parameter *fname*.

FORTAN	<pre>integer function vffname(vdata_id, field_index, fname)  integer vdata_id, field_index character*(*) fname</pre>
--------	--

## VFFieldorder/vffordr

int32 VFFieldorder(int32 *vdata\_id*, int32 *field\_index*)

<i>vdata_id</i>	IN:	Vdata identifier returned by <b>VSattach</b>
<i>field_index</i>	IN:	Vdata field index

**Purpose** Returns the order of a vdata field.

**Return value** Returns the order of the field if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **VFFieldorder** returns the order of the vdata field identified by its index, *field\_index*, in the vdata identified by the parameter *vdata\_id*.

The value of the parameter *field\_index* ranges from 0 to the total number of fields in the vdata - 1. The number of vdata fields is returned by **VFnfields** function.

FORTRAN

```
integer function vffordr(vdata_id, field_index)  
  
integer vdata_id, field_index
```

**VFfieldtype/vfftype**

```
int32 VFfieldtype(int32 vdata_id, int32 field_index)
```

<i>vdata_id</i>	IN:	Vdata identifier returned by <b>VSattach</b>
<i>field_index</i>	IN:	Vdata field index

**Purpose** Returns the data type of a vdata field.

**Return value** Returns the data type if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **VFfieldtype** returns the data type of the vdata field identified by its index, *field\_index*, in the vdata identified by the parameter *vdata\_id*.

The value of the parameter *field\_index* ranges from 0 to the total number of fields in the vdata - 1. The number of vdata fields is returned by **VFnfields** function.

**FORTRAN**

```
integer function vfftype(vdata_id, field_index)
```

```
integer vdata_id, field_index
```

## VFnfields/vfnflds

int32 VFnfields(int32 *vdata\_id*)

*vdata\_id* IN: Vdata identifier returned by **VSattach**

**Purpose** Returns the total number of fields in a vdata.

**Return value** Returns the total number of fields if successful and **FAIL** (or -1) otherwise.

**Description** **VFnfields** returns the total number of fields in the vdata identified by the parameter *vdata\_id*.

FORTRAN      `integer function vfnflds(vdata_id)`

```
integer vdata_id
```